

Take out from Few Ten

Subtraction – few ten minus 1-digit -126

We are good at taking a number away from 10. Now it's time to take a number away from few ten.

Revision:

1.) $10 - 4 = (\quad)$

2.) $10 - 3 = (\quad)$

3.) $10 - 9 = (\quad)$

4.) $10 - 5 = (\quad)$

5.) $10 - 6 = (\quad)$

6.) $10 - 5 = (\quad)$

7.) $10 - 2 = (\quad)$

8.) $10 - 7 = (\quad)$

9.) $10 - 8 = (\quad)$

10.) $10 - 1 = (\quad)$

Write **T** in the brackets if the answer is right or **F** if it is wrong:

1.) $20 - 4 = 26$ ()

2.) $50 - 3 = 57$ ()

3.) $70 - 9 = 61$ ()

4.) $80 - 2 = 78$ ()

5.) $40 - 6 = 44$ ()

6.) $40 - 5 = 35$ ()

7.) $60 - 6 = 54$ ()

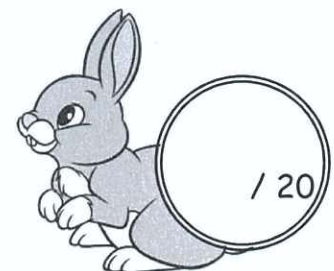
8.) $30 - 7 = 33$ ()

9.) $90 - 8 = 82$ ()

10.) $60 - 1 = 69$ ()

After the subtraction of units place digits, what happens in the tens place digits?

The tens place digit _____.



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Do these sums:

1.) $30 - 5 = (\quad)$

2.) $40 - 8 = (\quad)$

3.) $60 - 3 = (\quad)$

4.) $70 - 4 = (\quad)$

5.) $50 - 7 = (\quad)$

6.) $20 - 5 = (\quad)$

7.) $40 - 6 = (\quad)$

8.) $20 - 3 = (\quad)$

9.) $60 - 2 = (\quad)$

10.) $30 - 9 = (\quad)$

11.) $40 - 8 = (\quad)$

12.) $60 - 4 = (\quad)$

13.) $80 - 5 = (\quad)$

14.) $40 - 6 = (\quad)$

15.) $40 - 3 = (\quad)$

16.) $90 - 7 = (\quad)$

17.) $20 - 3 = (\quad)$

18.) $50 - 4 = (\quad)$

19.) $30 - 6 = (\quad)$

20.) $90 - 9 = (\quad)$

21.) $60 - 8 = (\quad)$

22.) $70 - 7 = (\quad)$

