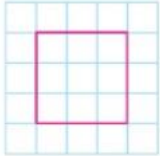


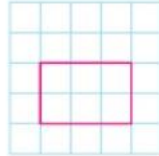
1 Draw the quadrilaterals required on the squared paper below.
 (The answers are for reference only. Accept any reasonable answers.)



(a) a square



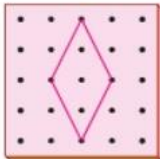
(b) a rectangle



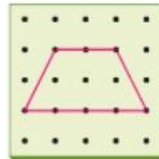
2 Draw the quadrilaterals required on the pin-boards below.
 (The answers are for reference only. Accept any reasonable answers.)



(a) a rhombus



(b) a trapezium

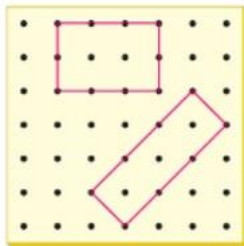


Classwork

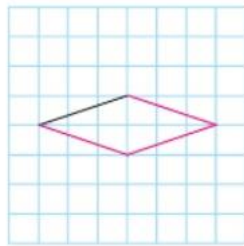
Draw the quadrilaterals required on the pin-board or squared paper.
 (The answers are for reference only. Accept any reasonable answers.)



1 Draw two different rectangles on the pin-board below.



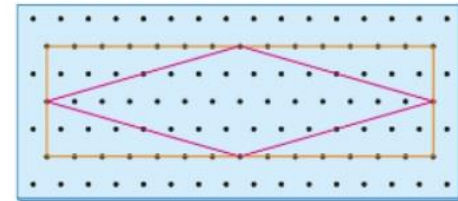
2 Add three straight lines to the squared paper to form a rhombus with the given straight line.



Go further



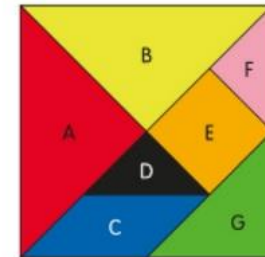
Draw a rhombus on the pin-board on the right. The 4 corners of the rhombus should lie on each side of the rectangle respectively.



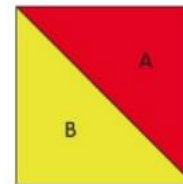
Using a tangram



We can use a tangram to make many different 2-D shapes.



1 (a) Use tangram shapes A and B to make a square.



(b) Use tangram shapes D, F and G to make a square.

