

*21st Century Modern Mathematics*  
*1C*

**12 Addition (2)**

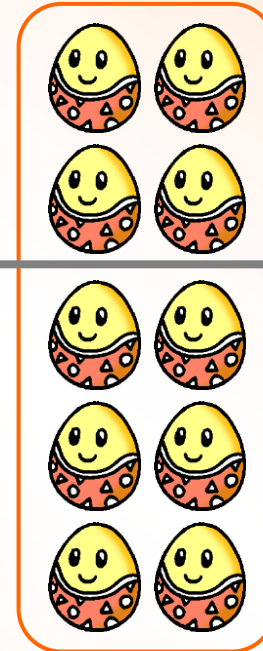
Dimension: Number

Learning unit: 1N5 Addition and subtraction (I)

# 1 How many toys are there?

1

I have 14  
Funny Eggs.

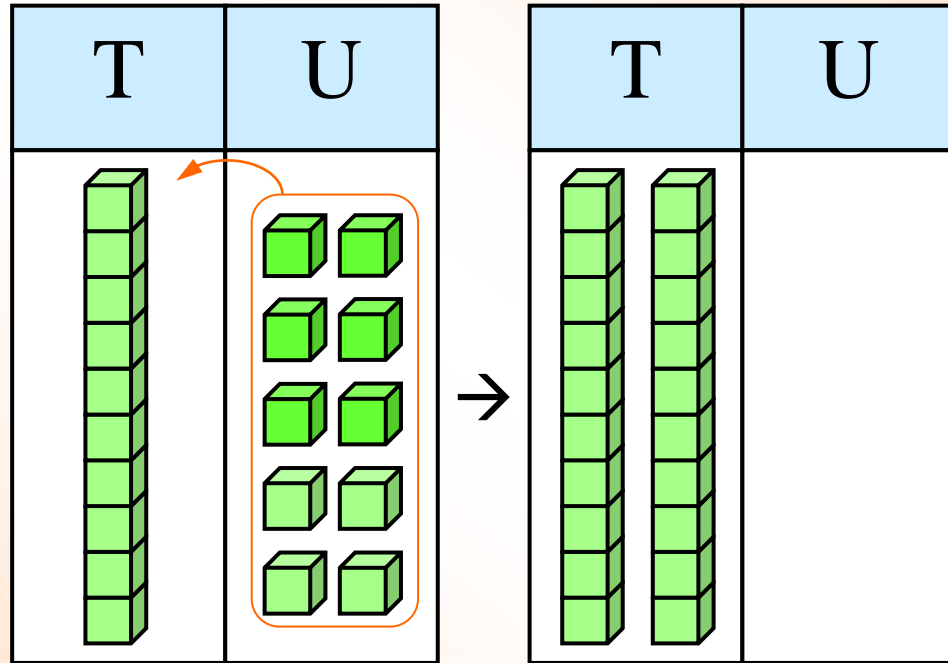


I have 6  
Funny Eggs.



# 1 How many toys are there?

1



Total:  $14 + 6 = 20$

# 1 How many toys are there?

1

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{T} \quad \text{U} \\
 1 \quad 4 \\
 + \quad 6 \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 4 \\
 + 6 \\
 \hline
 10
 \end{array}$$

→

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{T} \quad \text{U} \\
 1 \quad 4 \\
 + \quad 6 \\
 \hline
 \quad 0
 \end{array}$$

You can mark the number here.

# 1 How many toys are there?

1

	T	U					
	1	4					
+		6					

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ + 6 \\ \hline 10 \end{array}$$

→

	T	U	
	1	4	
+		6	
	2	0	

$$1 + 1 = 2$$

When the units place adds up to 10, carry 1 to the tens place.



# 1 How many toys are there?

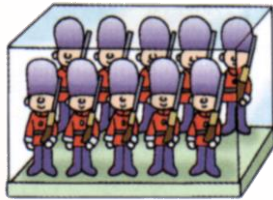
What will happen if I forget to carry the number to the tens place?



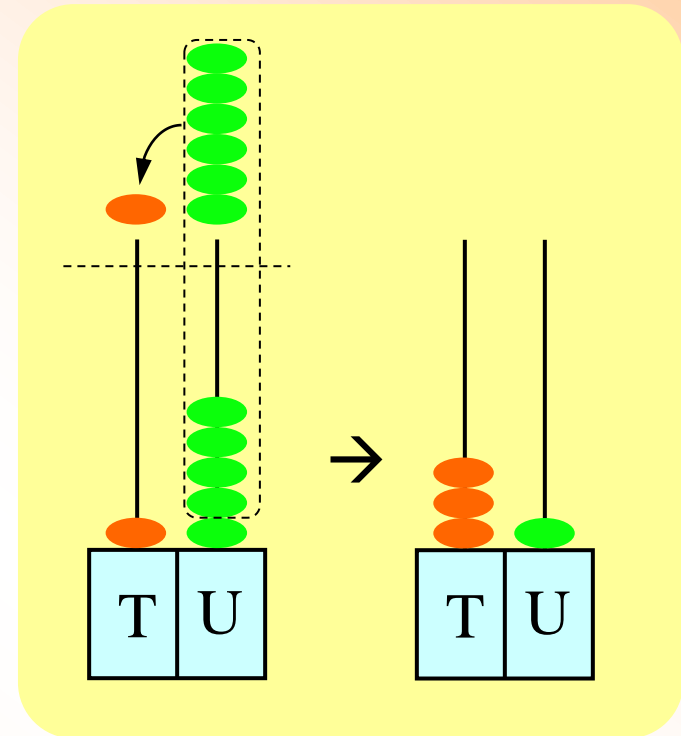
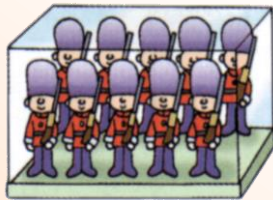
1 How many toys are there?

2 How many toy soldiers are there?

15 soldiers



16 soldiers



Total:  $15 + 16 =$  31

1 How many toys are there?

2 How many toy soldiers are there?

	T	U										
	1	5			1	5			1	5		
+	1	6		→	+	1	6		→	+	1	6
<hr/>					<hr/>					<hr/>		
							1				3	1

Don't forget the carrying.



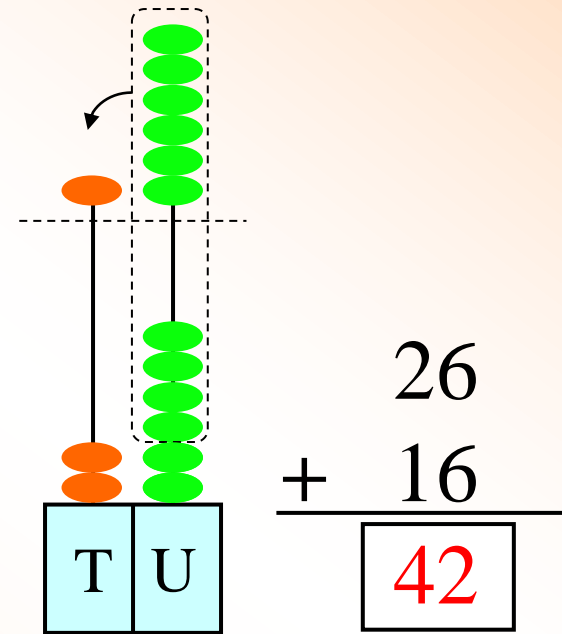
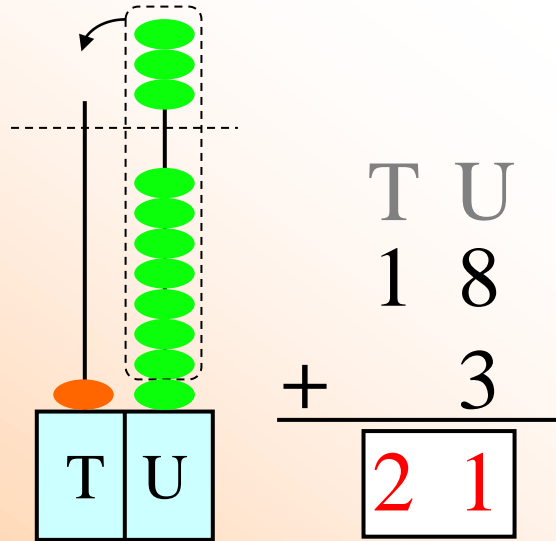


# 1 How many toys are there?

3 Look at the abacuses. Write the answers.

a  $18 + 3 = \boxed{21}$

b  $26 + 16 = \boxed{42}$



# 1 How many toys are there?

## Class Study

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{1} \quad 25 \\ + \quad 5 \\ \hline \boxed{30} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{2} \quad 8 \\ + \quad 19 \\ \hline \boxed{27} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{3} \quad 13 \\ + \quad 37 \\ \hline \boxed{50} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{4} \quad 46 \\ + \quad 27 \\ \hline \boxed{73} \end{array}$$

## 2 Counting toys

1 There are 32  and 19  .

How many toy cars are there altogether?



$$\begin{array}{r} 32 + 19 \\ = 51 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 32 \\ + 19 \\ \hline 51 \end{array}$$

32 is close to 30.

19 is close to 20.


The answer is close to:

$$30 + 20 = 50$$

There are 51 toy cars altogether.

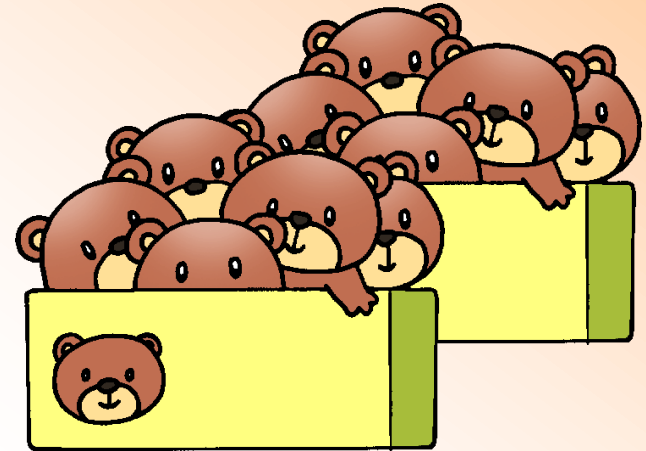


## 2 Counting toys

2 There were 24  at first.

48  are added.

How many teddy bears are there altogether?



$$\begin{array}{r}
 \boxed{24} + \boxed{48} \\
 = \boxed{72}
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{r}
 \boxed{24} \\
 + \boxed{48} \\
 \hline
 \boxed{72}
 \end{array}$$

There are 72 teddy bears altogether.

## 2 Counting toys

★ 3 There are 19  .

There are 11 more  than  .

How many pianos are there?

Write the column form.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 19 + 11 \\
 \hline
 = \boxed{30}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 19 \\
 + 11 \\
 \hline
 30
 \end{array}$$

There are 30 pianos.

## 2 Counting toys

### Class Study

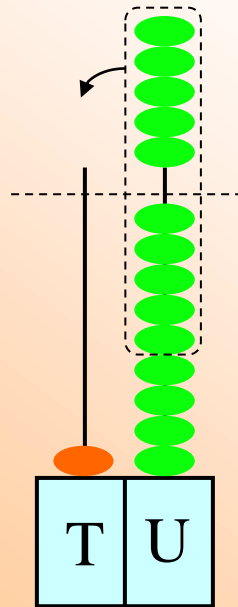
 Let's do the activity, 'Game of addition', on page 18 of *Classroom Learning 1C*.

# Exercise 12

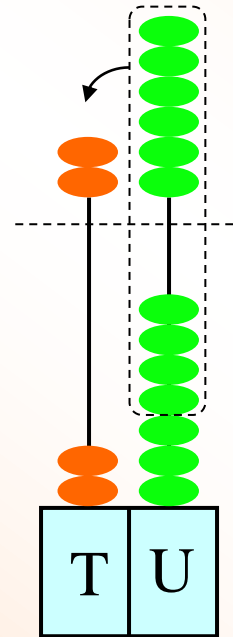
Look at the abacuses. Write the answers.

①  $19 + 5 = \boxed{24}$

②  $27 + 26 = \boxed{53}$



$$\begin{array}{r} 19 \\ + 5 \\ \hline \end{array} \boxed{24}$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ + 26 \\ \hline \end{array} \boxed{53}$$

## Exercise 12

Fill in the blanks.

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{3} \quad 8 \\ + 17 \\ \hline \boxed{25} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{4} \quad 23 \\ + 8 \\ \hline \boxed{31} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{5} \quad 64 \\ + 16 \\ \hline \boxed{80} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{6} \quad 35 \\ + 28 \\ \hline \boxed{63} \end{array}$$



## Exercise 12

**Fill in the blanks.**

$$\textcircled{7} \quad 49 + 3 = \boxed{52}$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad 7 + 54 = \boxed{61}$$

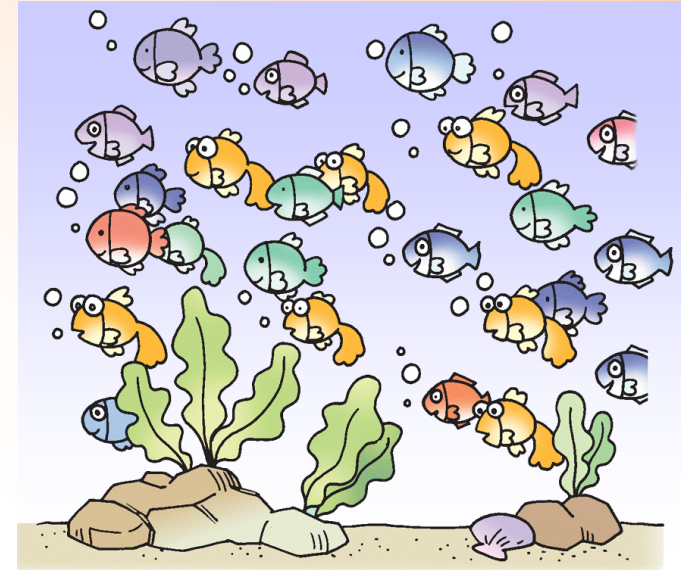
$$\textcircled{9} \quad 15 + 76 = \boxed{91}$$

$$\textcircled{10} \quad 25 + 35 = \boxed{60}$$

# Exercise 12

**Fill in the blanks.**

- ⑪ There were 69 fish in the tank. 18 fish are added. How many fish are there altogether?



$$\begin{array}{r}
 \boxed{69} + \boxed{18} \\
 = \boxed{87}
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{r}
 \boxed{69} \\
 + \boxed{18} \\
 \hline
 \boxed{87}
 \end{array}$$

There are 87 fish altogether.

## Interesting sums

Do you remember the compositions of 10?  
Let's write them out.



### Compositions of 10

$1 + 9$

$2 + 8$

$3 + \boxed{7}$

$4 + \boxed{6}$

$5 + \boxed{5}$

$6 + \boxed{4}$

$7 + \boxed{3}$

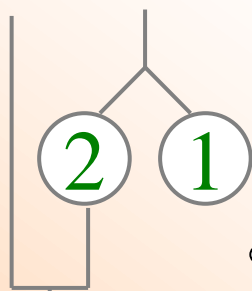
$8 + \boxed{2}$

$9 + \boxed{1}$

## Interesting sums

1 Do the sums using the compositions of 10:

a  $8 + 3 = ?$



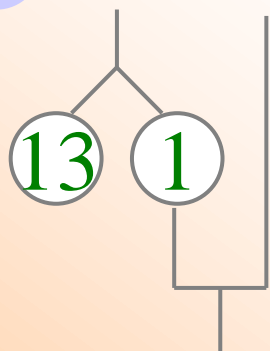
$$10 + 1 = \boxed{11}$$

Write 3 as  $2 + 1$ , We can add 2 to 8 to form 10.

## Interesting sums

1 Do the sums using the compositions of 10:

*b*  $14 + 9 = ?$



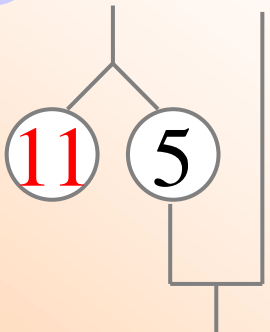
$$13 + 10 = \boxed{23}$$

Write 14 as  $13 + 1$ , We can add  $1$  to  $9$  to form  $10$ .

## Interesting sums

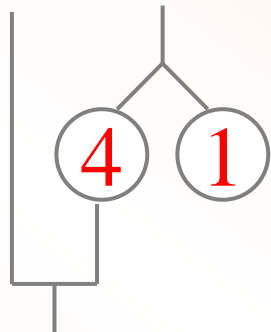
2 Let's try.

**a**  $16 + 5 = ?$



$11 + 10 = 21$

**b**  $16 + 5 = ?$



$20 + 1 = 21$

## Interesting sums

3 Let's do the sums using the above method.

*a*  $13 + 9 = \boxed{22}$

*b*  $24 + 7 = \boxed{31}$